Tree Emergency Plan WorksheetFor: Urban and Community Foresters, Community Leaders, Public Works and Parks Departments, Planners, Councils, and other Public Officials

warning procedure to enhance mitigate	m/Weather Forecasting Service — Use an earlation: communicate with the National Weather Service, a consulting elevision weather channel, or the local police department. With
procedure in place, you should have strikes.	at least three hours of lead time before most tree damaging weathe
Staff Lead:	
Contact Name:	
Address:	
Phone:	
MODIIE:	
FAX:Email:	Web Site
2. Local Emergency Maiemergency planning and response	nager — Lead contact for a community and responsible for
Name:	Phone:
<u> </u>	Mobile:
Role(s):	
relations, media contacts, citizen info	rdinator — This is the individual responsible for primary public rmation and communications about the natural disaster. (Must have y issues and capabilities, and be able to make decisions.)
Name:	Phone:
	Mobile:
Alternate(s):	
Name:	Phone:
	Mobile:
Namai	Phono

Mobile:_____

4. Disaster Planning and Response Team Members: Your team should include: mayor, selected department heads including specialists in public relations and purchasing, public works specialists (streets, wood utilization and disposal, fleet manager), utilities, parks department, other local government heads, meteorologist, local emergency managers. Include creative people on your team that can think beyond barriers that may be up. Get media involved in planning so they understand what your cleanup priorities are after a storm. Someone involved with public tree management should be part of the community emergency management team. It is critical to include individuals who can make fiscal and administrative decisions because this team will most likely serve in the storm operations command center.

Polo/Poopopoibility

Name:	Role/Responsibility:	
1.	Mayor	
2.	Fire Chief	
3.	Director of Public Works	
4.	Utility Representative	
5.	Public Relations Representative	
6.	City Council	
7.	County Emergency Management	
8.	Police Chief	
9.	Director of Parks	
10.		
11.		
12.		
13.		
14.		
15.		
16.		
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19.		
20.		

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5. Available Disaster Response Staff and Crews: Identify and list all municipal staff and crews available for disaster response work. Consider forestry and parks departments, public works, engineering, streets and sanitation, etc. Where possible, establish teams that can be responsible for specific disaster response activities (primary route clearing, assistance to utility crews, manage debris staging sites, distribute equipment, etc.)

Pole/Responsibility:

Staff Name:

Staff Name.	noie/nesponsibility.	
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20.		
21.		

6. Emergency Call Out Procedure — phone contact tree for staff.

Name:	Will Contact — Name:	
	Phone:	
	Mobile:	
	Name:	
	Dhona	
	Phone:	
	Mobile:	 -
	Name:	
	Phone:	
	Mobile:	
Name:	Will Contact — Name:	
	Phone:	
	Mobile:	
	Mobile:	
	Name:	
	Phone:	
	Mobile:	
	Name:	
	Phone:	
	Mobile:	
Name:	Will Contact — Name:	
	Phone:	
	Mobile:	
	Name:	
	Phone:	
	Mobile:	
	Name:	
	Phone:	
	Mobile:	
Name:	Will Contact — Name:	
	Phone:	
	Mobile:	
	Name:	
	Phone:	
	Mobile:	
	Name:	
	Phone:	
	Mobile:	

- 7. Primary transportation and evacuation corridors and routes for emergency vehicles. Identify and map for reference. Have map available and accessible, and review and update annually.
- 8. Critical power transmission corridor restoration sites (medical treatment centers). Identify and map for reference. Have map available and accessible, and review and update annually.
- 9. Identify who is responsible for decision making and priority response setting for multiple life threatening situations.

 Phone:

Name:Pager:	Phone: Mobile:
	iorities — List areas that need attention after life information with key staff the will be answering phone calls rk order form for use when receiving calls.
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	
8.	

9.

10.

processing site that is large, flat, well-drained and accessible to roads that can support truck weights of at least 9 tons per axle. Identify ways to protect significant trees or cultural resources during processing. Potential sites include undeveloped park, industrial, cemetery, fairgrounds, agency and state land. Large parking lots (even paved lots) work well. Remember to consider noise implications near residential areas. Identify multiple sites. Annually reconfirm access and availability to these sites. Make sure the site is large enough for safety considerations (flying debris from tub grinders), if possible, identify sites that can be secured (fencing). Site 1 – Location: Contact Name/Role: Phone: Mobile: Site 2 – Location: Contact Name/Role: Phone: Mobile: Site 3 – Location: Contact Name/Role: Phone: Mobile: 12. Debris and Brush Removal from Private Property — Identify how you will address this issue. A major storm makes it difficult for private property owners to remove brush and debris. Make a decision at the municipal level allowing for debris collection. Determine if your city has adequate equipment and staff available to accomplish this often enormous task. It is critical that you provide guidelines for residents. Specify the types, amounts and piling arrangement of the materials that you will accept. Cities can also assist private homeowners who must contract with private companies for trimming and removal by preparing a list of companies that are licensed, professionally trained and insured. Person Responsible: ______ Mobile: _____ Minor Storm Policy: Major Storm Policy: Listing of available tree care companies:

11. Procedure for Debris Staging and Removal — Identify several areas for staging and processing debris. Establish a contract or agreement securing each site. Choose a

13. Identify Wood Utilization Opt resources that can process the wood material gen a contract for utilization services.		
Wood Utilization Contract:	Company/Organization:	
Phone: Utilization Service Contract: Yes / No Description of Service:	Mobile:	
Wood Utilization Contract:	Company/Organization:	
Phone: Utilization Service Contract: Yes / No Description of Service:	Mobile:	
14. Equipment Listing (available parks department equipment and vehicles available chippers, aerial bucket trucks, refuse packers, loalighting equipment, hand saws and pole pruners of	e for tree clean up work. Keep aders, supervisory vehicles, ch	it current. Include wood
Person Responsible: Mobile:		
Equipment Available	Quantity	Department/Contact
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
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9.		
10.		

15. Additional Equipment and Assistance Sources — In an emergency, your city administrator may authorize the lease or rental of additional equipment for storm clean-up work. Make a list of potential vendors and keep it current. For certain equipment and assistance needs, it is critical to establish an emergency contract. Guaranteed access to large tub grinders and multiple additional tree trimming crews would be services to guarantee via an emergency contract. The city administrator may also authorize tree contractors to supplement city crews. Assemble a list of licensed and insured potential tree service contractors. Your neighbor cities may be unaffected by a storm that strikes your city. Establish a system to contact neighbor cities that could send staff and equipment to assist you in cleaning up your city.

Person Responsible:		
Phone:	Mobile:	
Equipment Available	Quantity	Department/Contact
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		
Emergency Contract:		
Organization: Phone:	Contact Name Mobile:	ə:
Emergency Contract:		
Organization: Phone:	Contact Name Mobile:	e:
Emergency Contract:		
Organization: Phone:	Contact Name Mobile:	e:

Name	Crew#	Equipment Needed
accounting.		c code for each storm event, it will allow for effect Phone:
		Mobile:
Name:		Phone: Mobile:
Storm Accountin	g Code:	
	· ′ <u> </u>	Damage Assessment and
	Vey Reports — This pers dures and prepares the reports	on is familiar with FEMA and Division of Emergency needed for public assistance.
Name:		Phone: Mobile:
Name:		Phone: Mobile:

19. Disaster Budget (identify potenti	ial activities to anticipate costs)
Personnel Regular Time:	
Overtime:	
Equipment Owned:	
Equipment Contracted:	
Contracted Work:	
Operational Supplies:	
Disposal/Recycling:	
Administrative Costs (Overhead):	
Administrative costs (Gvernedd).	
20. Funding Information from anticipate costs for future storms and establish	Past Storms — review costs from past storms to funding needs.
Storm:	Date:
Activity Personnel Regular Time	Cost
Overtime	
Equipment Owned	
Equipment Contracted	
Contracted Work	
Operational Supplies	
Disposal/Recycling	
Administrative Costs (Overhead)	
TOTAL	
Storm:Date:	
Activity	Cost
Personnel Regular Time	
Overtime	
Equipment Owned	
Equipment Contracted	
Contracted Work	
Operational Supplies	
Disposal/Recycling Administrative Costs (Overhead)	
Autilitiotiative 600to (Overriedu)	

TOTAL

regreening efforts: Develop a list of contacts for use in efforts to regreen the community after storm events. Phone: Name/Organization: Mobile: Organization Role: Phone: Name/Organization: Mobile: Organization Role: Phone: Name/Organization: Mobile: Organization Role: Name/Organization: Phone: Mobile: Organization Role: 22. Listing of community and neighborhood groups that promote and support community regreening efforts Group: Phone: Representative: Mobile: Group: Representative: Phone: Mobile: Phone: Group: Representative: Mobile: Phone: Group: Representative: Mobile: Group: Representative: Phone: Mobile:

Group:

Representative:

21. Individual(s) and/or Organization(s) responsible for community

Phone:

Mobile:

trees stand up to weather better that	It is your best defense against storms. Well planted and cared for an neglected trees. Develop or modify a forest management plan to ter preparedness. Identify critical activities such as hazard tree all tree care needs, etc.
Name:	Completed:
provide the community with a syste initiate the timely removal or correct	EXEMPTIAN — A tree risk management plan will matic approach to accurately identify moderate to high risk trees, an tive treatment of hazardous trees. Communities that carry out tree ely see reductions in damage after storms. Go to: f/utrmm/index.htm
Name:	Completed:
disaster declaration, state and/or fe of applying for reimbursement for st estimate of damage. Consider usin	Sessment – If a storm is significant enough to receive a formal deral funding may be available. To assist communities in the process torm associated costs, it is important to be able to quickly develop an any the Storm Damage Assessment Protocol as a tool prior to a storm. To provide an assessment of damage in a simple, credible and efficient ls.org/applications.html
Name:	Completed:
26. Contacts for additional response and recovery	onal assistance in natural disaster planning, /: Phone
A	
Area or District Forester	
University Extension Agent	
Consulting Foresters	
City Foresters of Neighboring Cities	\$:
Other	
Board), and Katie Himanga (Heartwood	(USDA Forest Service), Jim Hermann (Minneapolis Park and Recreation d Forestry) – Updated May, 2006. Worksheet available on-line at: <u>urces</u> - under "Urban Forest Management")

23. Community urban forestry comprehensive management plan —