New England aster Symphyotrichum novae-angliae

Kingdom: Plantae Phylum: Magnoliophyta Class: Magnoliopsida Order: Asterales Family: Asteraceae

ILLINOIS STATUS

common, native



plant with flowers



FEATURES

New England aster is a perennial herb with a short, thick, underground stem. The stems above the surface of the ground are erect and hairy. Stems may be solitary or growing in clumps. The rough, lanceshaped leaves have a heart-shaped base that clasps the stem. These simple, entire, hairy leaves are arranged alternately along the stem. Each leaf may be four inches long and about one inch wide. Many flowers are crowded into a head. The outer flowers are violet-purple and raylike, while the inner, tubular, yellow flowers form a disk. There are about 45 to 100 rays per flower. The fruit is dry, hard, darkbrown, ellipsoid and hairy, about one-sixth inch long. New England aster may grow from two to four feet in height.

BEHAVIORS

New England aster may be found throughout Illinois. It grows in moist ground, wet and moist prairies, wet meadows, along streams and in thickets. Flowers are produced from August through October.



flowers

© Illinois Department of Natural Resources. 2020. *Biodiversity of Illinois*. Unless otherwise noted, photos and images © Illinois Department of Natural Resources.



Aquatic Habitats

bottomland forests; marshes; peatlands; rivers and streams; swamps; wet prairies and fens

Woodland Habitats

bottomland forests; southern Illinois lowlands

Prairie and Edge Habitats

black soil prairie; edge; hill prairie

© Illinois Department of Natural Resources. 2020. *Biodiversity of Illinois*. Unless otherwise noted, photos and images © Illinois Department of Natural Resources.